## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 2102

## OFFERED BY MR. BOUCHER OF VIRGINIA

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

## l SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Free Flow of Informa-
- 3 tion Act of 2007".
- 4 SEC. 2. COMPELLED DISCLOSURE FROM COVERED PER-
- 5 SONS.
- 6 (a) Conditions for Compelled Disclosure.—In
- 7 any matter arising under Federal law, a Federal entity
- 8 may not compel a covered person to provide testimony or
- 9 produce any document related to information obtained or
- 10 created by such covered person as part of engaging in
- 11 journalism, unless a court determines by a preponderance
- 12 of the evidence, after providing notice and an opportunity
- 13 to be heard to such covered person—
- 14 (1) that the party seeking to compel production
- of such testimony or document has exhausted all
- reasonable alternative sources (other than the cov-
- ered person) of the testimony or document;
- 18 (2) that—

1	(A) in a criminal investigation or prosecu-
2	tion, based on information obtained from a per-
3	son other than the covered person—
4	(i) there are reasonable grounds to be-
5	lieve that a crime has occurred; and
6	(ii) the testimony or document sought
7	is critical to the investigation or prosecu-
8	tion or to the defense against the prosecu-
9	tion; or
10	(B) in a matter other than a criminal in-
11	vestigation or prosecution, based on information
12	obtained from a person other than the covered
13	person, the testimony or document sought is
14	critical to the successful completion of the mat-
15	ter;
16	(3) in the case that the testimony or document
17	sought could reveal the identity of a source of infor-
18	mation or include any information that could reason-
19	ably be expected to lead to the discovery of the iden-
20	tity of such a source, that—
21	(A) disclosure of the identity of such a
22	source is necessary to prevent an act of ter-
23	rorism against the United States or other sig-
24	nificant and specified harm to national security
25	with the objective to prevent such harm;

1	(B) disclosure of the identity of such a
2	source is necessary to prevent imminent death
3	or significant bodily harm with the objective to
4	prevent such death or harm, respectively; or
5	(C) disclosure of the identity of such a
6	source is necessary to identify a person who has
7	disclosed—
8	(i) a trade secret, actionable under
9	section 1831 or 1832 of title 18, United
10	States Code;
11	(ii) individually identifiable health in-
12	formation, as such term is defined in sec-
13	tion 1171(6) of the Social Security Act (42
14	U.S.C. 1320d(6)), actionable under Fed-
15	eral law; or
16	(iii) nonpublic personal information,
17	as such term is defined in section $509(4)$
18	of the Gramm-Leach-Biley Act (15 U.S.C.
19	6809(4)), of any consumer actionable
20	under Federal law; and
21	(4) that the public interest in compelling disclo-
22	sure of the information or document involved out-
23	weighs the public interest in gathering or dissemi-
24	nating news or information.

1	(b) Limitations on Content of Information.—
2	The content of any testimony or document that is com-
3	pelled under subsection (a) shall—
4	(1) not be overbroad, unreasonable, or oppres-
5	sive and, as appropriate, be limited to the purpose
6	of verifying published information or describing any
7	surrounding circumstances relevant to the accuracy
8	of such published information; and
9	(2) be narrowly tailored in subject matter and
10	period of time covered so as to avoid compelling pro-
11	duction of peripheral, nonessential, or speculative in-
12	formation.
13	(e) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
14	shall be construed as applying to civil defamation claims
15	or defenses under State law, regardless of whether or not
16	such claims or defenses, respectively, are raised in a State
17	or Federal court.
18	SEC. 3. COMPELLED DISCLOSURE FROM COMMUNICATIONS
19	SERVICE PROVIDERS.
20	(a) Conditions for Compelled Disclosure.—
21	With respect to testimony or any document consisting of
22	any record, information, or other communication that re-
23	lates to a business transaction between a communications
24	service provider and a covered person, section 2 shall apply
25	to such testimony or document if sought from the commu-

- 1 nications service provider in the same manner that such
- 2 section applies to any testimony or document sought from
- 3 a covered person.
- 4 (b) Notice and Opportunity Provided to Cov-
- 5 ERED PERSONS.—A court may compel the testimony or
- 6 disclosure of a document under this section only after the
- 7 party seeking such a document provides the covered per-
- 8 son who is a party to the business transaction described
- 9 in subsection (a)—
- 10 (1) notice of the subpoena or other compulsory
- 11 request for such testimony or disclosure from the
- communications service provider not later than the
- time at which such subpoena or request is issued to
- the communications service provider; and
- 15 (2) an opportunity to be heard before the court
- before the time at which the testimony or disclosure
- is compelled.
- 18 (c) Exception to Notice Requirement.—Notice
- 19 under subsection (b)(1) may be delayed only if the court
- 20 involved determines by clear and convincing evidence that
- 21 such notice would pose a substantial threat to the integrity
- 22 of a criminal investigation.
- 23 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 In this Act:

1	(1) Communications service provider.—
2	The term "communications service provider"—
3	(A) means any person that transmits infor-
4	mation of the customer's choosing by electronic
5	means; and
6	(B) includes a telecommunications carrier,
7	an information service provider, an interactive
8	computer service provider, and an information
9	content provider (as such terms are defined in
10	sections 3 and 230 of the Communications Act
11	of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153, 230)).
12	(2) COVERED PERSON.—The term "covered
13	person" means a person who, for financial gain or
14	livelihood, is engaged in journalism and includes a
15	supervisor, employer, parent, subsidiary, or affiliate
16	of such covered person. Such term shall not in-
17	clude—
18	(A) any person who is a foreign power or
19	an agent of a foreign power, as such terms are
20	defined in section 101 of the Foreign Intel-
21	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
22	1801); or
23	(B) any organization designated by the
24	Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organi-
25	zation in accordance with section 219 of the

1	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
2	1189).
3	(3) DOCUMENT.—The term "document" means
4	writings, recordings, and photographs, as those
5	terms are defined by Federal Rule of Evidence 1001
6	(28 U.S.C. App.).
7	(4) FEDERAL ENTITY.—The term "Federal en-
8	tity" means an entity or employee of the judicial or
9	executive branch or an administrative agency of the
10	Federal Government with the power to issue a sub-
11	poena or issue other compulsory process.
12	(5) Journalism.—The term "journalism"
13	means the gathering, preparing, collecting,
14	photographing, recording, writing, editing, reporting,
15	or publishing of news or information that concerns
16	local, national, or international events or other mat-
17	ters of public interest for dissemination to the pub-

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